## Zero Trust based IoT Security

## https://zt-iot.nii.ac.jp/en/

This project aims to realize **secure Internet of Things (IoT)** systems by the concept of **zero trust** by the fusion of **formal verification** and **system software** technologies. In the field of study on formal verification, we provide mathematical proof for the legitimacy of IoT trust chains and address undiscovered threats by combining static and dynamic verification. In the field of system software research, we develop mechanisms for isolated execution, automatic detection, and automatic countermeasures in conjunction with the theoretical results to demonstrate **zero trust IoT (ZT-IoT)**. We also promote social acceptance of IoT by ensuring accountability.



## Zero Trust IoT (ZT-IoT) Project

- What is Zero Trust?
  - "Zero trust (ZT) is the term for an evolving set of cybersecurity paradigms that move defenses from static, network-based perimeters to focus on users, assets, and resources." [NIST SP 800-207]
  - Assumes there is no implicit trust.
  - Improving security measures through continuous monitoring and analysis.
- The **ZT-IoT** project aims to apply the concept of zero trust to IoT systems.
  - Managing a large number of IoT devices.
  - Overcoming the limitations of resource performance, power consumption, and remote management of IoT devices.
  - Ensuring accountability through mathematical theory.

## **ZT-IoT Research Topics**

- Trust chain among resources such as IoT devices, edge/fog, and cloud servers.
  - Root of trust (RoT) and secure boot.
  - Public Key Infrastructure (PKI)-based key management leveraging Trusted Execution Environment (TEE).
- *Monitoring and policy enforcement* by system software and security controller.
- Over-the-air (OTA) update-based software life cycle management for resiliency.
- Assurance of software reliability with digital signature and *software certification service*.
- Achieving security-by-design based on *formal verification.*



This work was supported by JST, CREST Grant Number JPMJCR21M3.



National Institute of Informatics https://ccrd.nii.ac.jp/sc23/

